

# AN EXPLICIT FORMULA FOR $N_p(L, M)$

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For  $k \in \{12, 16, 18, 20, 22\}$ , let  $\Delta_k = q + \sum_{n \geq 2} \tau_k(n)q^n$  be the normalized generator of the space of cuspforms of weight  $k$  for the group  $\mathrm{SL}_2(\mathbb{Z})$ . In particular, the modular form  $\Delta_{12} = q \prod_{n \geq 1} (1 - q^n)^{24}$  is Jacobi's  $\Delta$  function. Moreover, we have

$$\Delta_{16} = E_4 \Delta, \quad \Delta_{18} = E_6 \Delta, \quad \Delta_{20} = E_4^2 \Delta, \quad \Delta_{22} = E_4 E_6 \Delta.$$

Here, we have set  $E_4 = 1 + 240 \sum_{n \geq 1} \sigma_3(n)q^n$ ,  $E_6 = 1 - 504 \sum_{n \geq 1} \sigma_5(n)q^n$  and  $\sigma_k(n) = \sum_{d|n} d^{k-1}$ .

For  $(j, k) \in \{(6, 8), (4, 10), (8, 8), (12, 6)\}$  let  $\Delta_{j,k}$  be a generator of the space  $S_{j,k}(\mathrm{Sp}_4(\mathbb{Z}))$  of Siegel cusp forms of genus 2 and coefficient  $\mathrm{Sym}^j \otimes \det^k$ , and let  $\tau_{j,k}(p)$  be the eigenvalue of the standard Hecke operator  ${}^1 T_p$  on  $\Delta_{j,k}$ . As far as we know, there is no simple explicit formula for  $\tau_{j,k}(p)$ .

Following [C-L], for each even unimodular lattices  $L$  and  $M$  in  $\mathbb{R}^{24}$ , there are unique polynomials with rational coefficients  $P, P_k$  for  $k \in \{12, 16, 18, 20, 22\}$ ,  $P_{j,k}$  for  $(j, k) \in \{(6, 8), (4, 10), (8, 8), (12, 6)\}$ , and a constant  $c \in \mathbb{Q}$ , such that for all primes  $p$  we have :

$$N_p(L, M) = P(p) + \sum_k \tau_k(p) P_k(p) + \sum_{j,k} \tau_{j,k}(p) P_{j,k}(p) + c(\tau_{12}(p)^2 - p^{11}),$$

where  $N_p(L, M)$  denotes the number of  $p$ -neighbors of  $L$  which are isometric to  $M$ . The polynomial  $P$  has degree 22 and is the dominant term in this formula.

Let us write  $(Q_1, \dots, Q_{11}) = (P_{12}, P_{16}, P_{18}, P_{20}, P_{22}, c, P_{6,8}, P_{8,8}, P_{4,10}, P_{12,6}, P)$ . Each  $Q_s$  depends on (the isometry class of)  $L$  and  $M$ , hence should really be denoted by  $Q_s(L, M)$ . Let us order the Niemeier lattices as before. The list of all tuples  $[s, i, j, Q_s(L(i), L(j))]$  is here :

<http://gaetan.chenevier.perso.math.cnrs.fr/niemeier/matrice>.

## REFERENCES

[C-L] G. Chenevier & J. Lannes, *Kneser neighbors and orthogonal galois representations in dimensions 16 and 24*, Oberwolfach Report (2011), article plus complet en cours de rédaction.

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<sup>1</sup>See [http://gaetan.chenevier.perso.math.cnrs.fr/niemeier/listes\\_vp.pdf](http://gaetan.chenevier.perso.math.cnrs.fr/niemeier/listes_vp.pdf)